

# BHW Technologies (博泓微科技有限公司)



Advanced RF IC, Antenna, Filter, RF Front-End  
and Wireless System Solutions

## BHW AppNote #025

Improving Range and Throughput of 2.4GHz Wi-Fi & IoT with  
BHWR250 Dual-Slot Quasi-Diversity Antenna

Rev. 3.3

[www.bhw-tech.com](http://www.bhw-tech.com)

# BHWR250 2.4GHz Dual-Slot Antenna



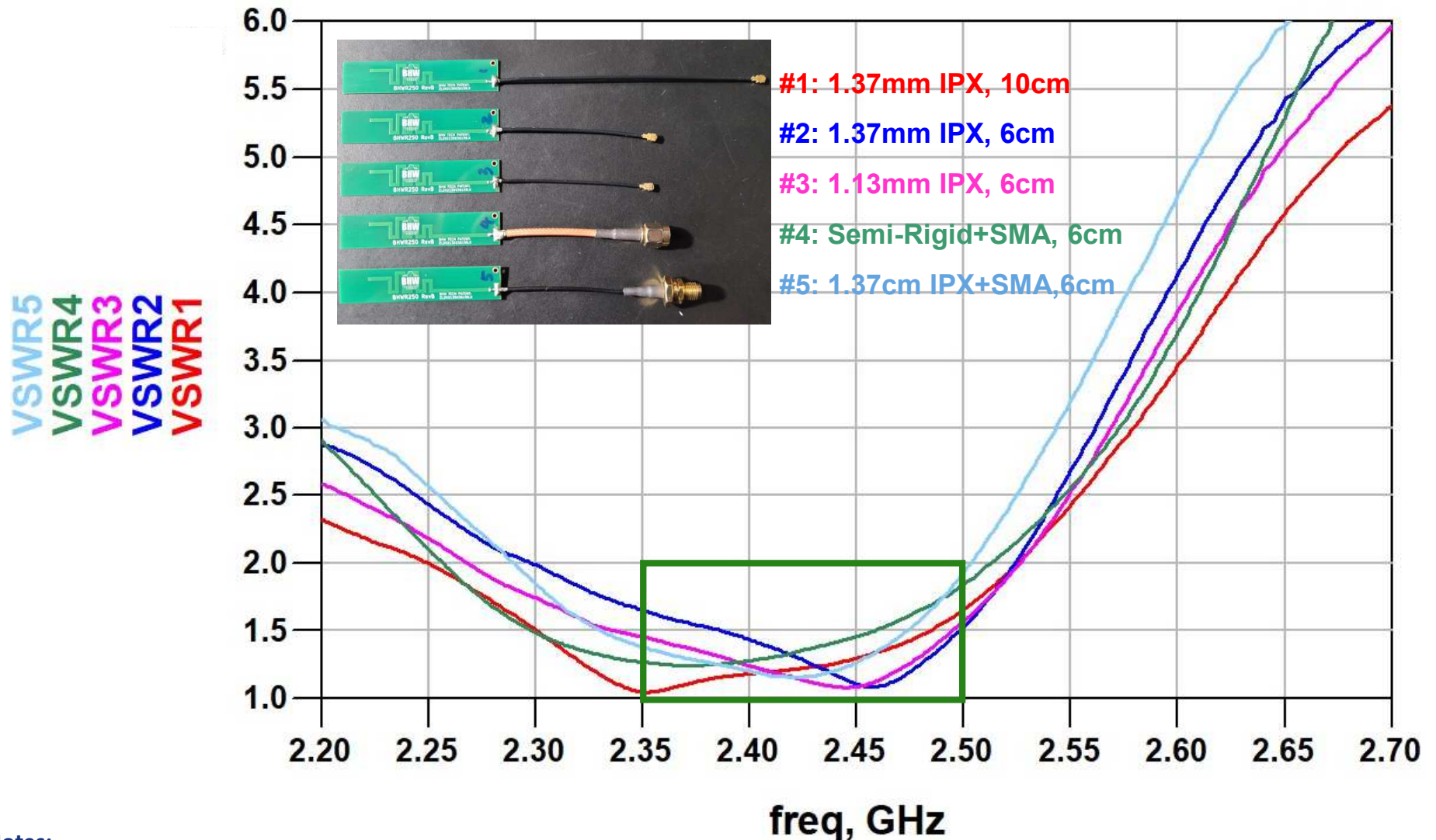
## Product Overview:

- Patented Two-Element Slot Array Architecture
- 2.35-2.5GHz Operation Frequency Range
- VSWR < 2:1 over 2.35-2.5GHz
- Near-Omni Radiation Pattern in Horizontal Plane
- Gain: ~3dBi
- High Efficiency: 60%
- Stable VSWR over Housing/Cabling Effects
- Compact 12x57x0.6mm for IPX/UFL Cable Assembly
- Suitable for Replacing External Antennas in Wi-Fi Routers and other Products without Compromise in Performance
- Unique Quasi-Diversity Capability without Using RF Switch

## Applications:

- Wi-Fi MU-MIMO Solutions
- Wi-Fi 3/4/5/6 Routers/Repeaters
- Wi-Fi Modules/Data Links
- 2.4GHz Audio/Video Streaming
- Long-Range ZigBee/Thread/Matter, IoT Solutions
- Generic 2.4GHz Radio Designs
- FPC/LDS Antenna Alternative with Minimum Frequency Shift

# BHWR250 VSWR for Difference Cable Assemblies



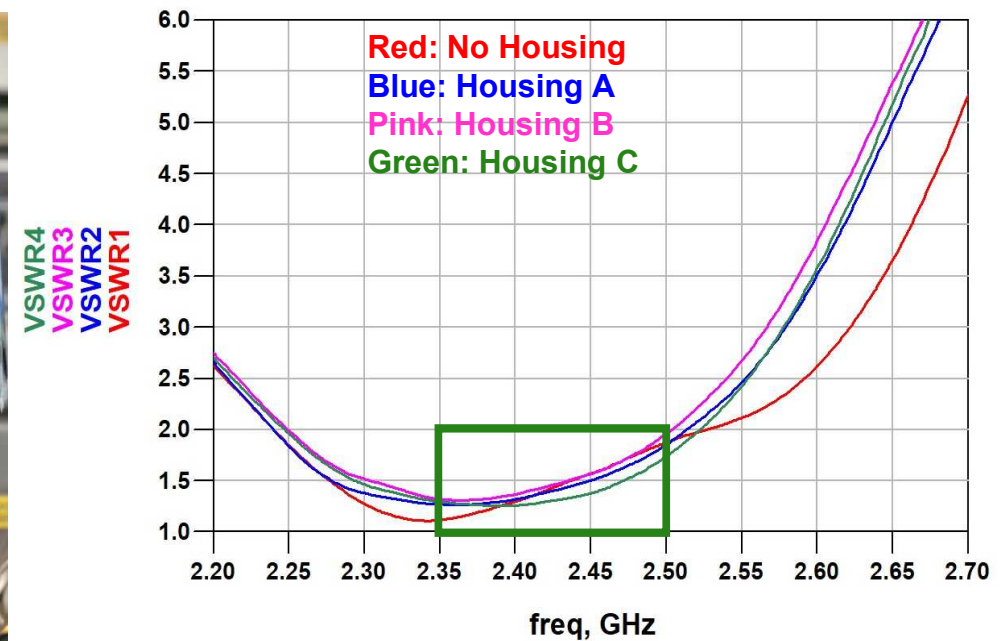
## Notes:

- Different cable assemblies of BHWR250 result in slight variation in VSWR, due to non-ideal interface impedance and hand soldering
- VSWR<2:1 over 2350-2500MHz for all cases
- VSWR changes slightly after antenna is inserted into housing, with center frequency shifted lower typically, but only slightly in most cases

# BHWR250 VSWR with Minimum Housing Effects



## Input VSWR Including Housing Effect



### Notes:

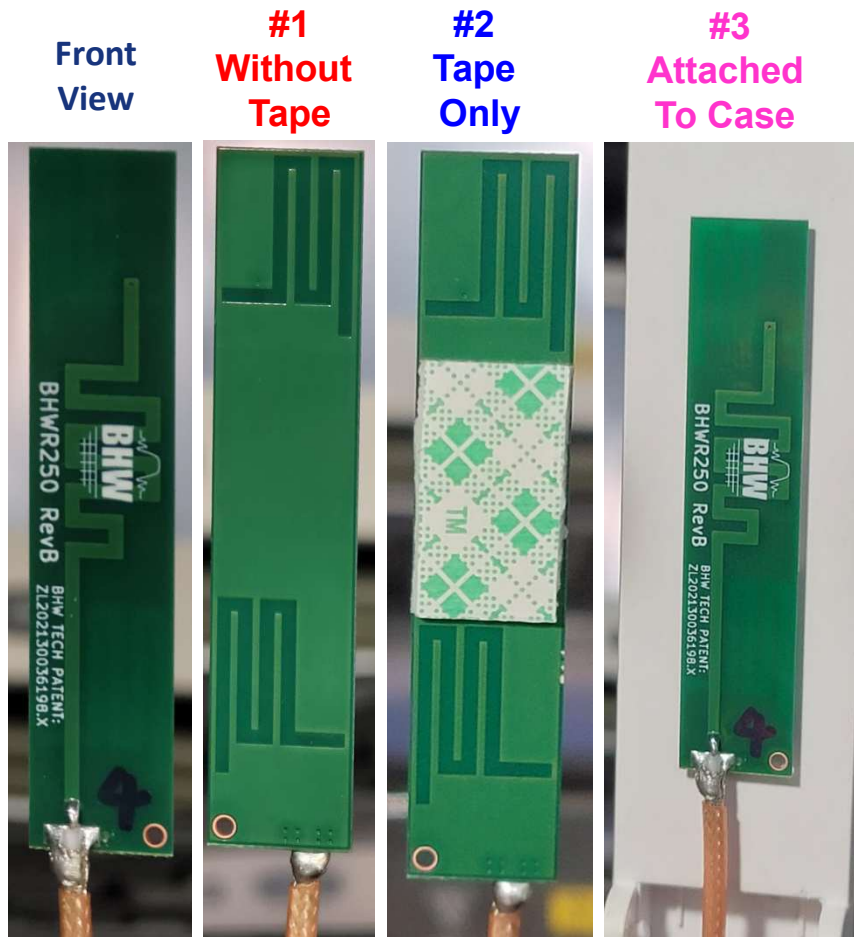
- Semi-Rigid SMA cable was soldered to BHWR250
- Length of semi-rigid cable is ~6cm
- VSWR<2:1 over 2350-2500MHz
- No significant change in VSWR was observed by applying three types of housings to BHWR250



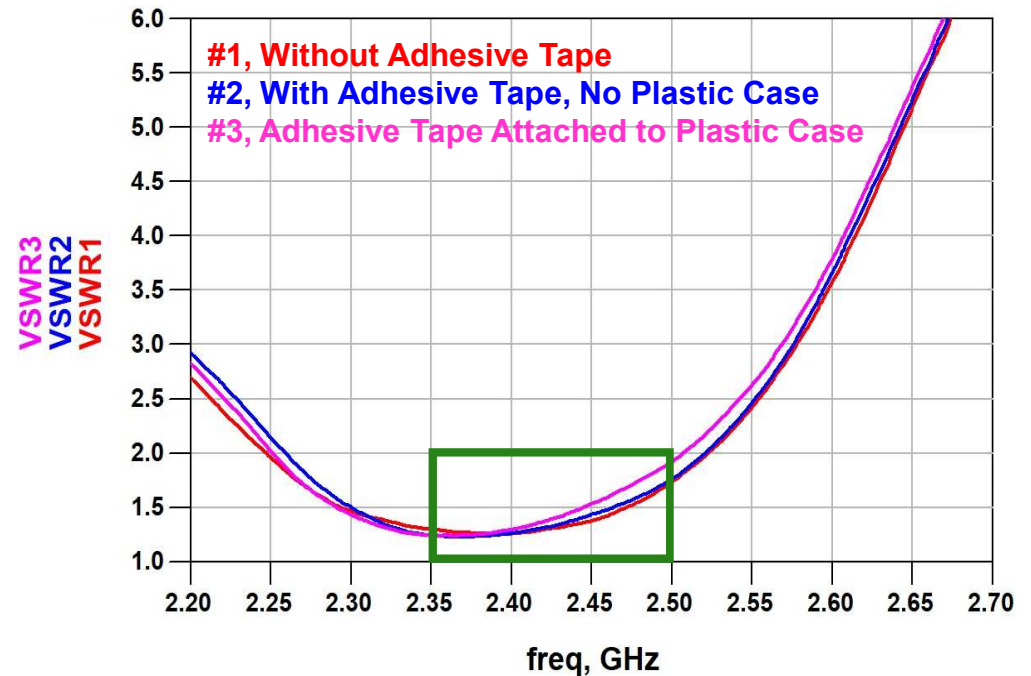
# BHWR250 for FPC/LDS Antenna Alternatives



## Test Samples



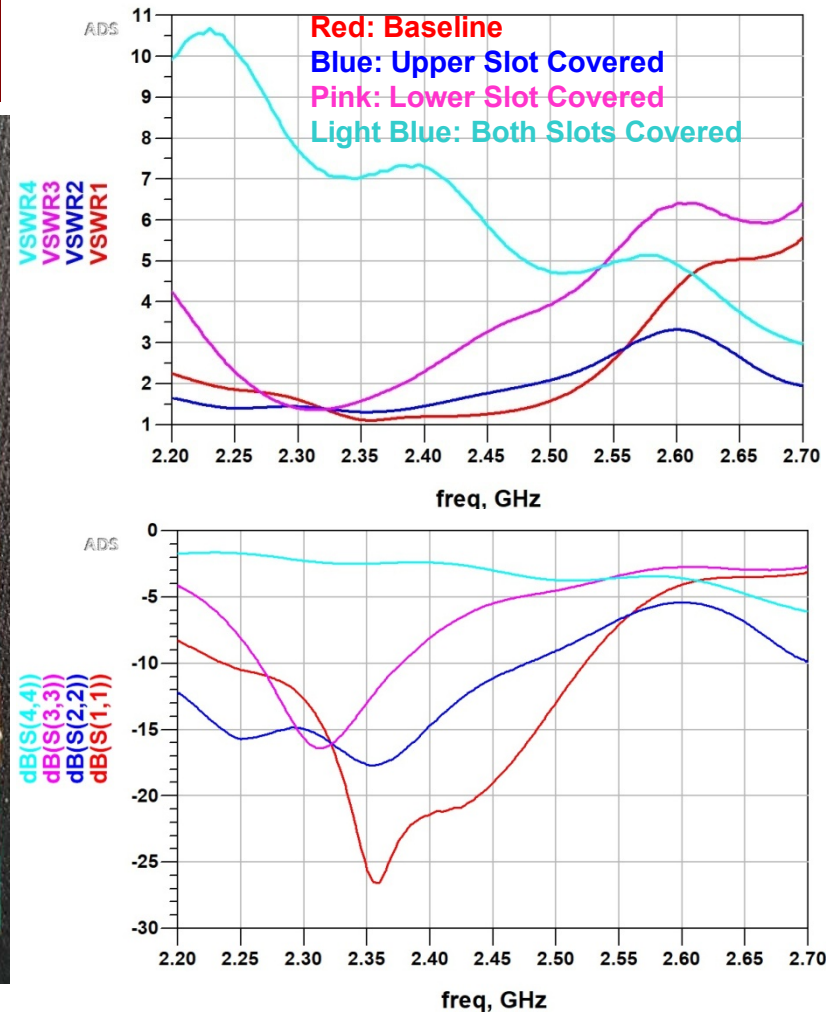
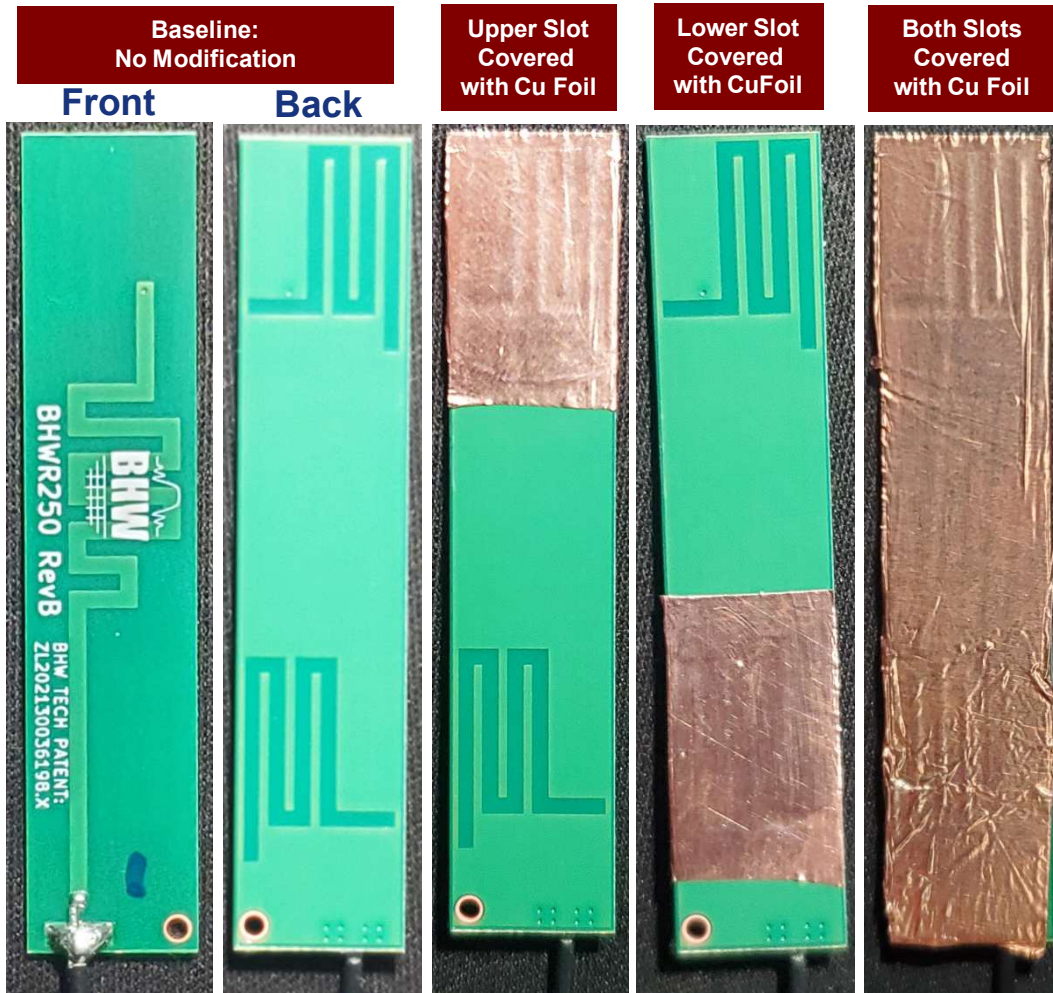
## Input VSWR with/without Plastic Case



### Notes:

- Adhesive tape with size 12x20x1.3mm was added to the ground area in the back side of BHWR250
- To ensure minimum shift in antenna performance, please select adhesive tape with minimum thickness of 1mm
- Adhesive tape should not block the radiating slots to guarantee optimal antenna performance
- VSWR<2:1 over 2350-2500MHz for all cases
- VSWR may change slightly when the antenna is attached to different types of plastic housing, but should not exceed 2:1 for most practical use cases

# BHWR250 Quasi-Diversity Characteristics



- Notes:
- Conventional antenna diversity requires the use of an RF switch
  - BHWR250 provides some “quasi-diversity” characteristics due to its unique dual-slot design
  - VSWR remains below 2:1 across 2.35-2.5GHz when the upper slot is covered and shorted completely with copper foil
  - VSWR shows some degradation but the antenna is still reasonably well matched when the lower slot is covered
  - VSWR is degraded significantly when both slots are covered, as expected. However, S11~-3dB indicates partial radiation from the feeding meander lines, which might help improve RF link quality in some use cases with severe multipath effects



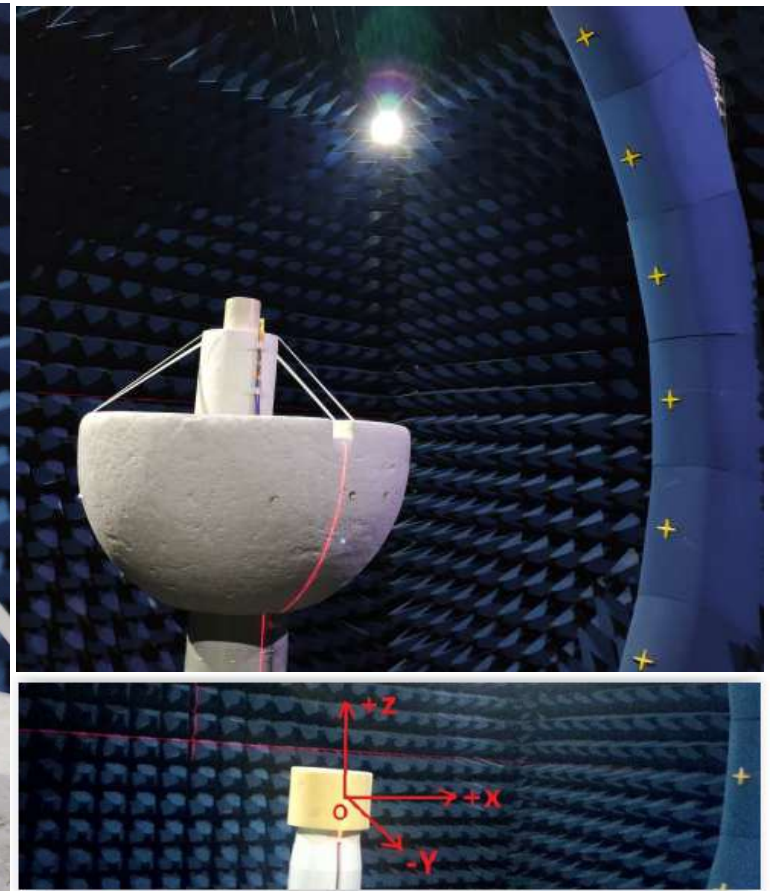
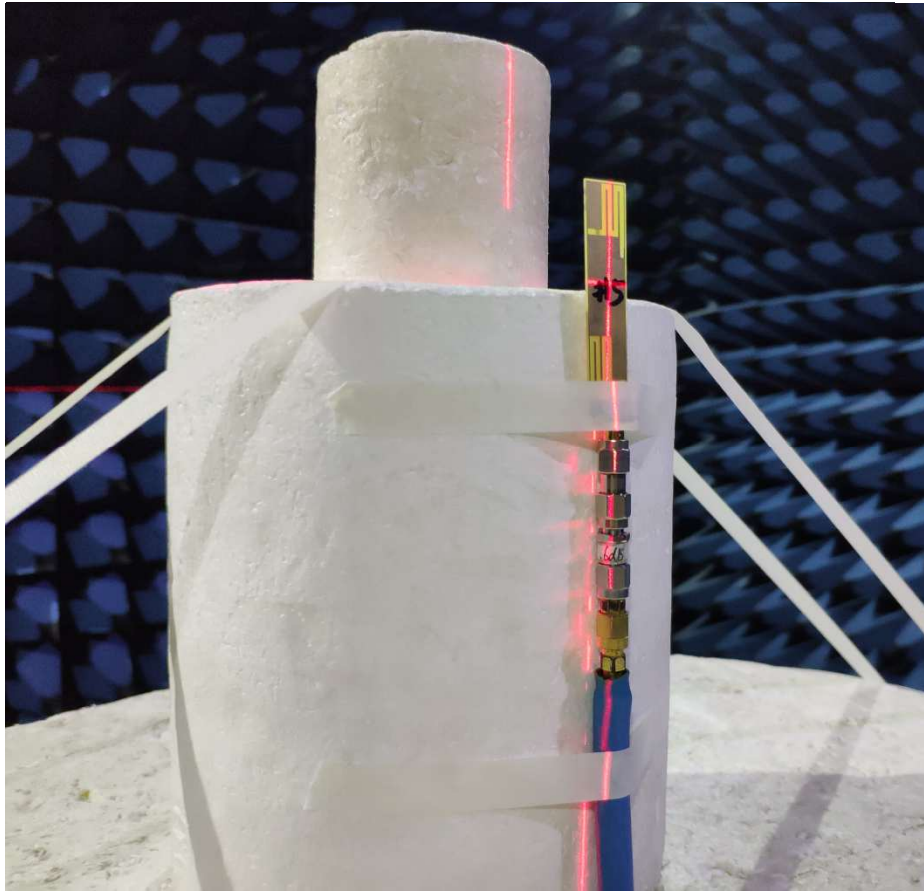
# BHWR250 Radiation Pattern: Test Setup



Antenna  
Orientation

BHWR250  
Test Setup

Anechoic Chamber  
Coordinate System



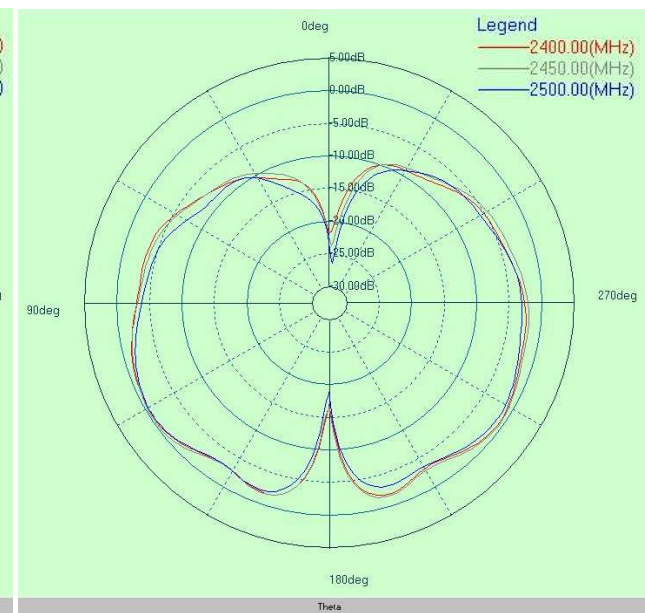
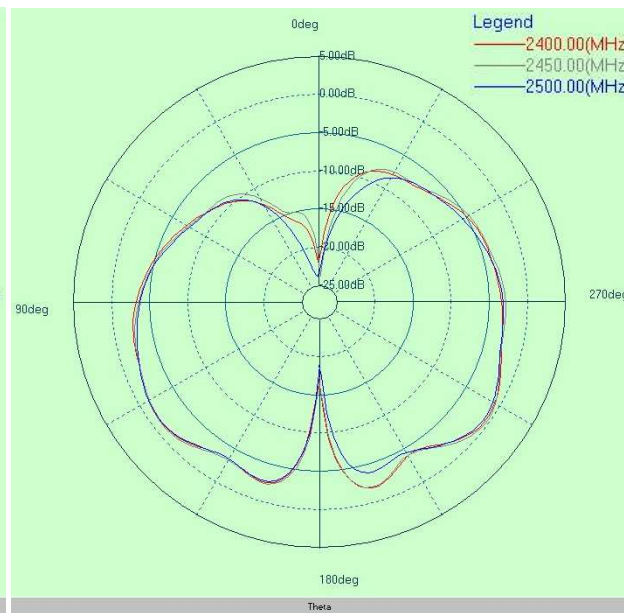
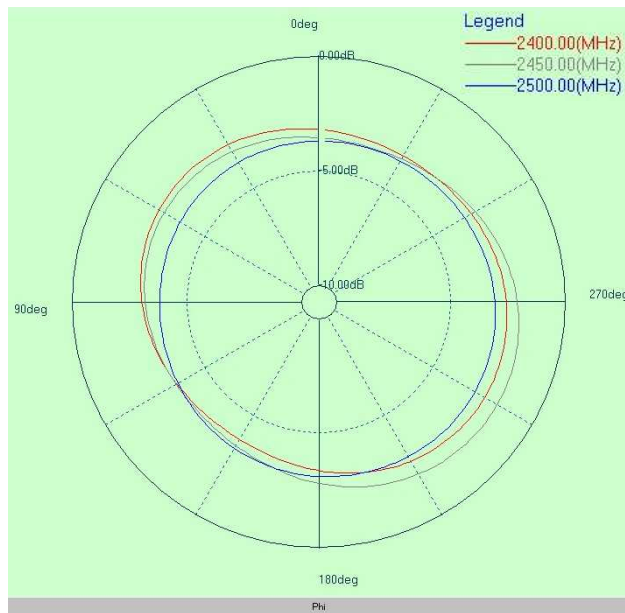
# BHWR250 Radiation Pattern: 2D Plots



**BHWR250  
XOY-Plane Cut**

**BHWR250  
XOZ-Plane Cut**

**BHWR250  
YOZ-Plane Cut**



**Near-Omnidirectional  
Radiation in Horizontal  
Plane (XOY)**

**Slightly Compressed  
Radiation in Vertical Plane  
(XOZ)**

**Slightly Compressed  
Radiation in Vertical Plane  
(YOZ)**



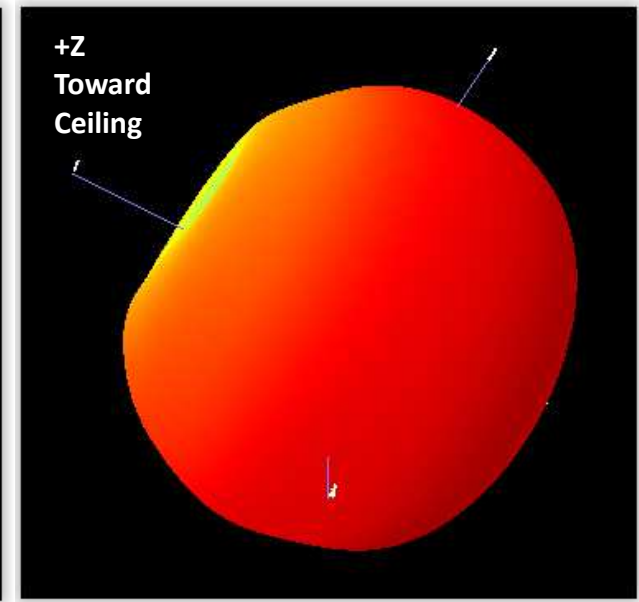
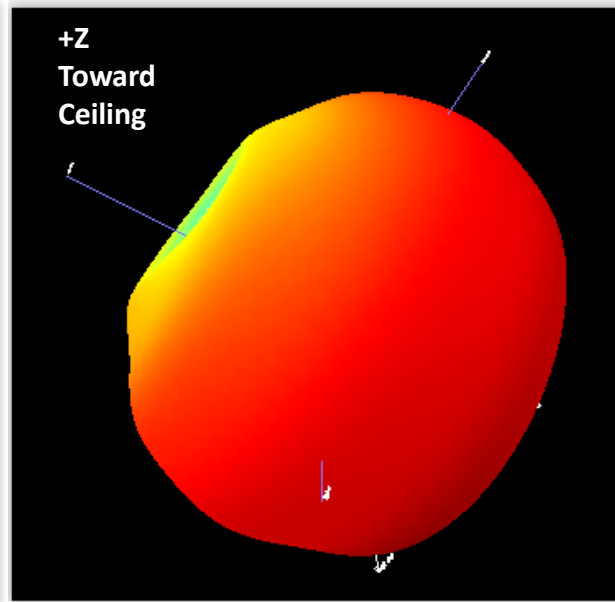
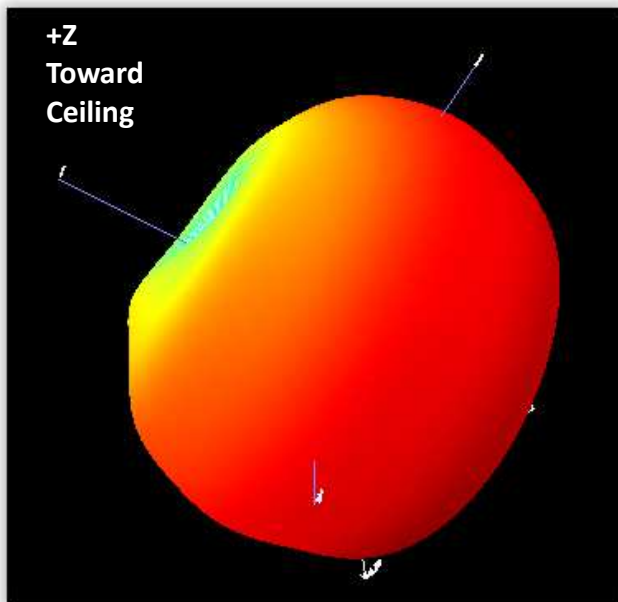
# BHWR250 Radiation Pattern: 3D Plots



**BHWR250  
2400MHz**

**BHWR250  
2450MHz**

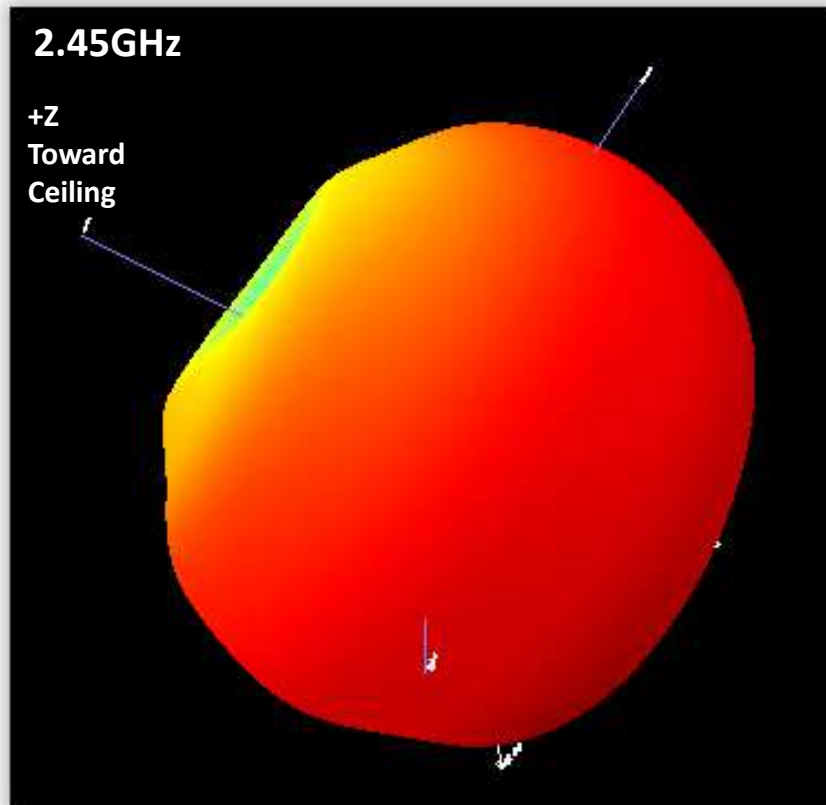
**BHWR250  
2500MHz**



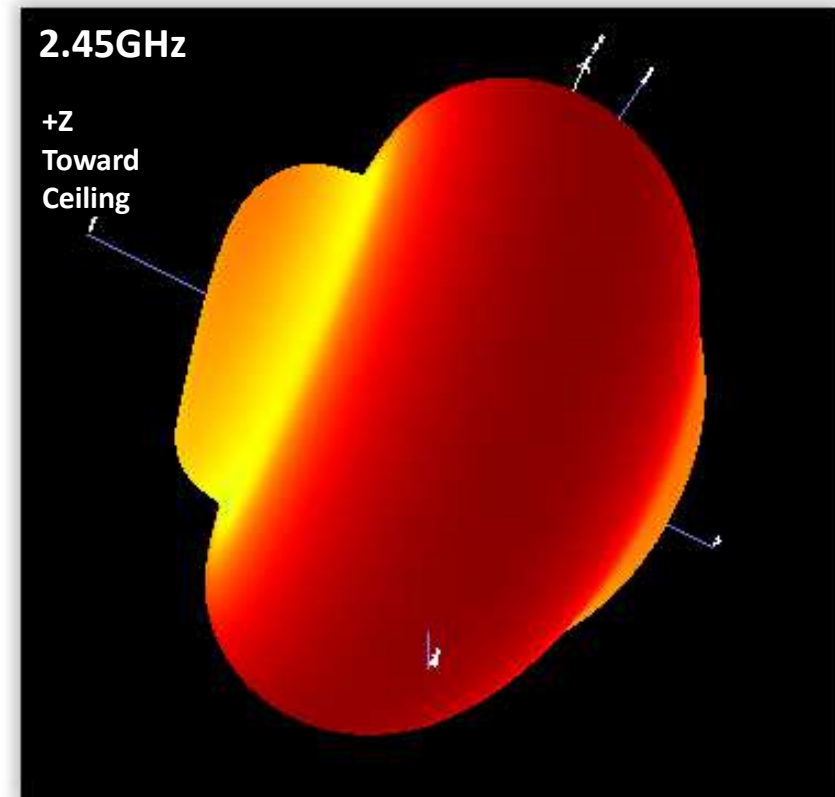
# BHWR250 3D Radiation Pattern vs Competition



**BHWR550**  
**12x57mm**



**Vendor L**  
**14x200mm**

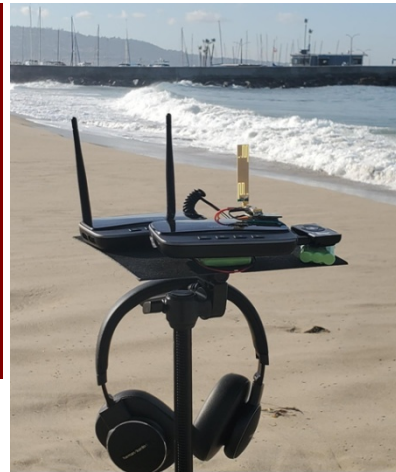


**Note: The competitor “high-gain” antenna has some grating lobes (dips) in vertical directions, which may impact throughput at certain angles/locations even short in distance. In comparison, BHWR250 was engineered to provide a much smoother radiation pattern and better signal distribution/coverage, enabling stable high-throughput mode of operation, and improved overall user experience.**

# 2.4GHz Audio Streaming Range Extension Case #1



- Test Platform: Qualcomm CSR8675 BLE SoC for Audio
- Mode of Operation for Test: Tx Mode
- Original RF Front-End: 3x3mm FEM + Dual-Antenna
- Modification: Replace FEM with BHWM257 (2x2mm); Replace Dual Antennas with Single BHWR250 (57mm)
- Test Setup: Tx on Tripod at ~1.5m Height. Over-the-Ear Headphone Used for Rx, Open Space, LOS.



Modified Unit  
BHWM257 & BHWR250 Single Antenna



Original Unit: 3x3mm FEM & Diversity Antenna



Modified vs Original Unit





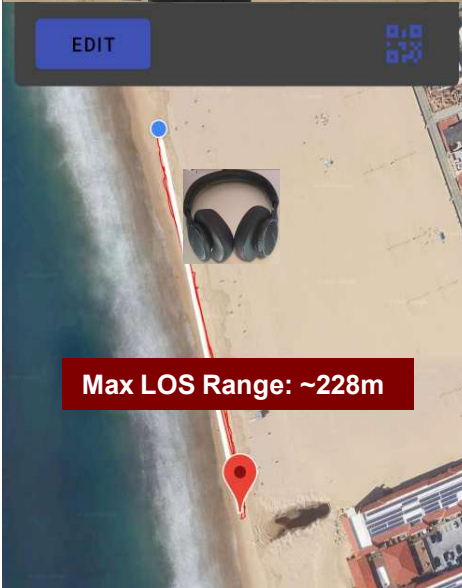
# 2.4GHz Audio Streaming Range Extension Case #1



Original Unit without Modification:  
Antenna in Vertical Orientation



EDIT



Max LOS Range: ~228m

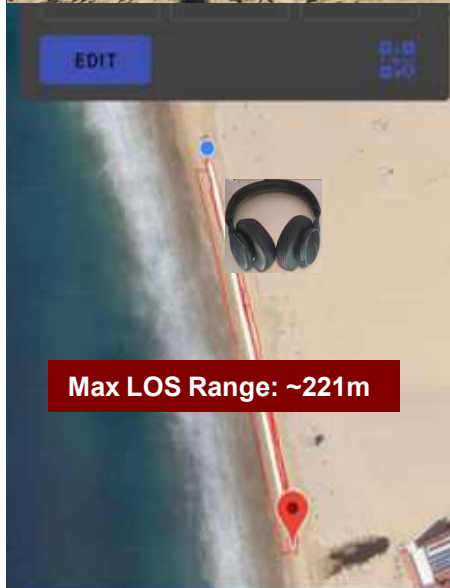
ERROR — AVG 402 FIXES

227.68 m 122.68

Original Unit without Modification:  
Antenna in Horizontal Orientation



EDIT



Max LOS Range: ~221m

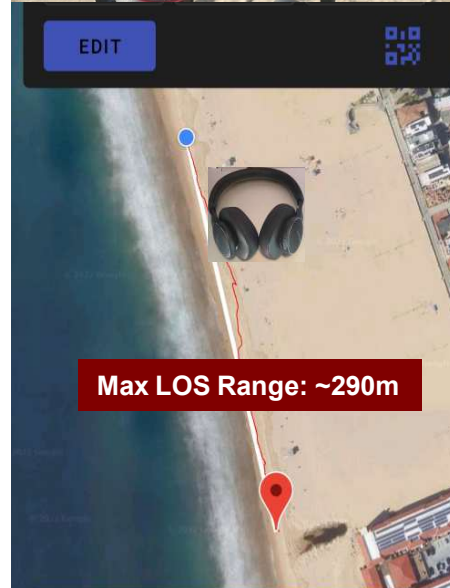
ERROR — AVG 633 FIXES

220.79 m 116.81

Modified Unit with BHWM257 &  
BHWR250 in Vertical Orientation



EDIT



Max LOS Range: ~290m

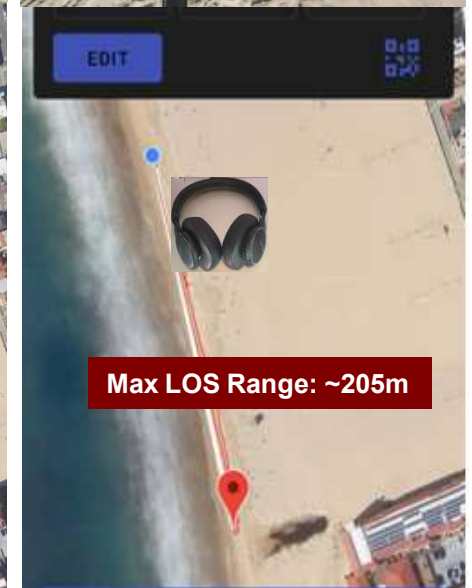
ERROR — AVG 328 FIXES

290.62 m 156.24

Modified Unit with BHWM257 &  
BHWR250 in Horizontal Orientation



EDIT



Max LOS Range: ~205m

ERROR — AVG 183 FIXES

205.11 m 93.12 m

Comments: For much lower current consumption and smaller FEM size, and with only one compact PCB antenna instead of two longer dipoles, the BHWM257 & BHWR250 solution provides comparable range to that of the original design.

# 2.4GHz Audio Streaming Range Extension Case #2



**Test Vehicle: VeGue W2 dual-channel long range wireless lavalier MIC with BHW257 FEM achieving 8 hours operation life with 250mAh battery. Internal FPC antenna in TX unit (MIC) replaced with BHW250. No modification on RX.**



**Max LOS Range for Audio Streaming: ~375m**





# 2.4GHz Audio Streaming Range Extension Case #2



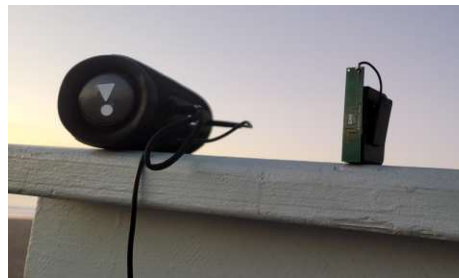
Modified TX with BHWR250  
Antenna Orientation #1



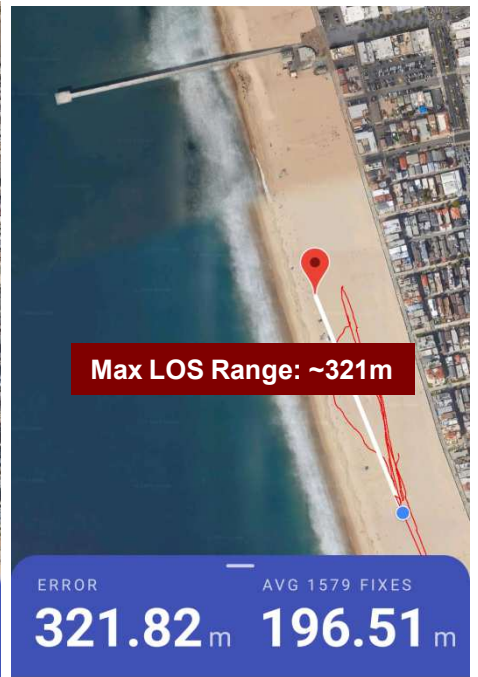
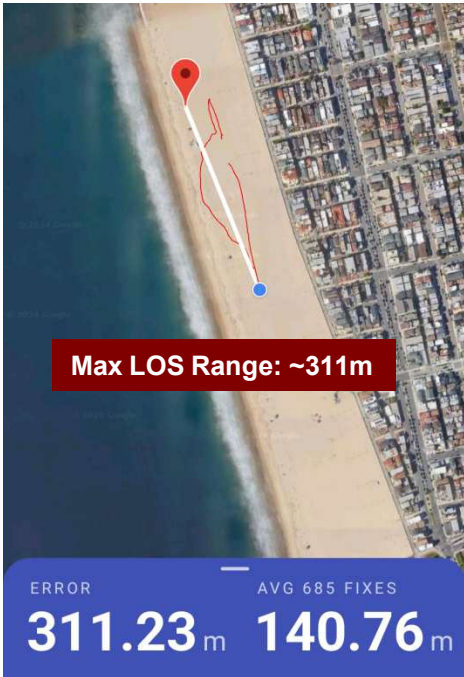
Modified TX with BHWR250  
Antenna Orientation #2



Modified TX with BHWR250  
Antenna Orientation #3



Modified TX with BHWR250  
Antenna Orientation #4



**Comments:** For this LOS range test, the TX unit of the VeGue W2 2.4GHz wireless microphone was replaced with BHWR250 dual-slot antenna and placed ~2m above sandy ground on a wood beam with four different antenna orientations. The RX unit was not modified and clipped to jacket ~1.5m above ground. Average Max LOS range for audio streaming for the four orientations is 346m.



# 2.4GHz Audio Streaming Range Extension Case #3



**Transmitter: Qualcomm CSR8675 BLE SoC + BHWM257 FEM + BHWR250 Antenna**



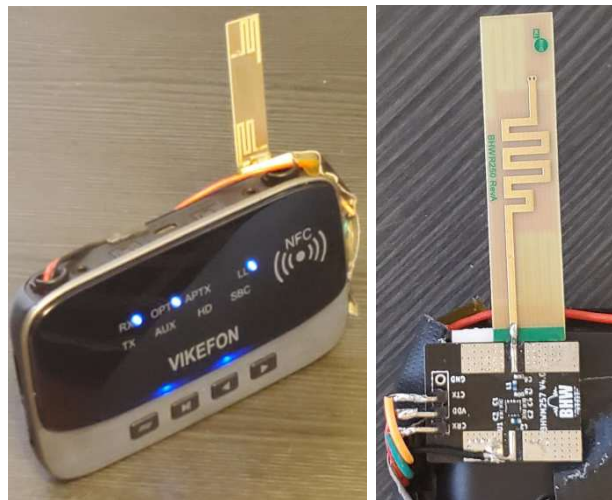
**Tx: ~1.5m above ground on tripod**



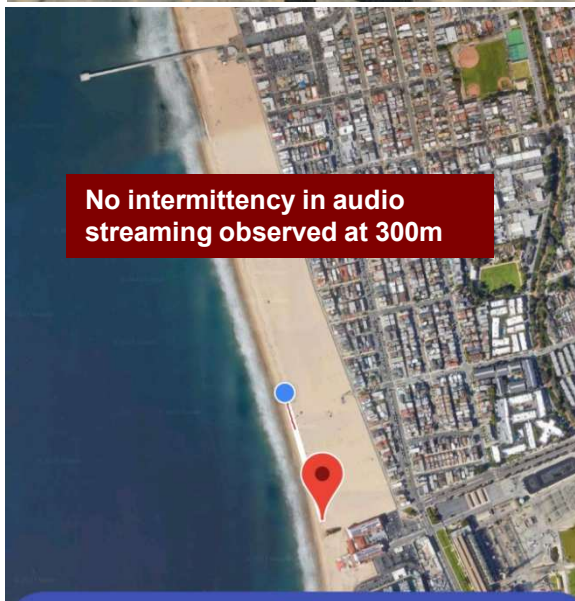
**Rx: Held above head in walk test**



**Receiver: Qualcomm CSR8675 BLE SoC + BHWM257 FEM + BHWR250 Antenna**



**No intermittency in audio streaming observed at 300m**



**Max LOS Range: ~500m**



**Conclusion: With both TX and RX modified with BHWM257 FEM and BHWR250 antenna, maximum LOS range of ~500m can be achieved for audio streaming.**

# Mutual Coupling Effects for MIMO Applications



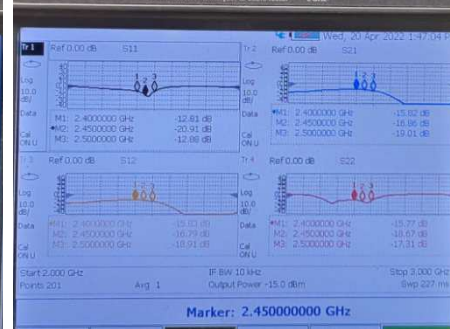
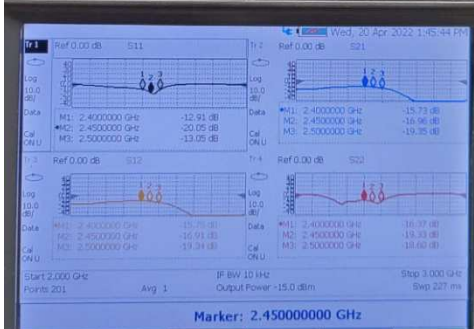
## Mutual Coupling between Two BHWR250 Antennas in Co-Polarized Positions Fixed Antenna #6 and Rotated Antenna #4 for 4 Angles over 360 Degrees

S21=-17.0dB at 2450MHz

S21=-16.7dB at 2450MHz

S21=-16.9dB at 2450MHz

S21=-16.9dB at 2450MHz



- Notes:
- Use measurement of S21 with VNA as a simplified test methodology to evaluate mutual coupling between two antennas.
  - Distance between RF Port 1 & 2 of Agilent FieldFox is ~6.7cm (slightly over half wavelength of 2.45GHz (6.1cm)).
  - Coupling levels between to BHWR250 antennas at this separation is around -17dB. For reference the coupling level between two stock dipole antennas commonly used on Wi-Fi routers (~20cm in length or ~3x longer that of BHWR250) is around -15dB.
  - Very minor change in mutual coupling over 360 deg rotation indicates near-omnidirectional radiation pattern, consistent with antenna chamber test results.



# Mutual Coupling Effects for MIMO Applications



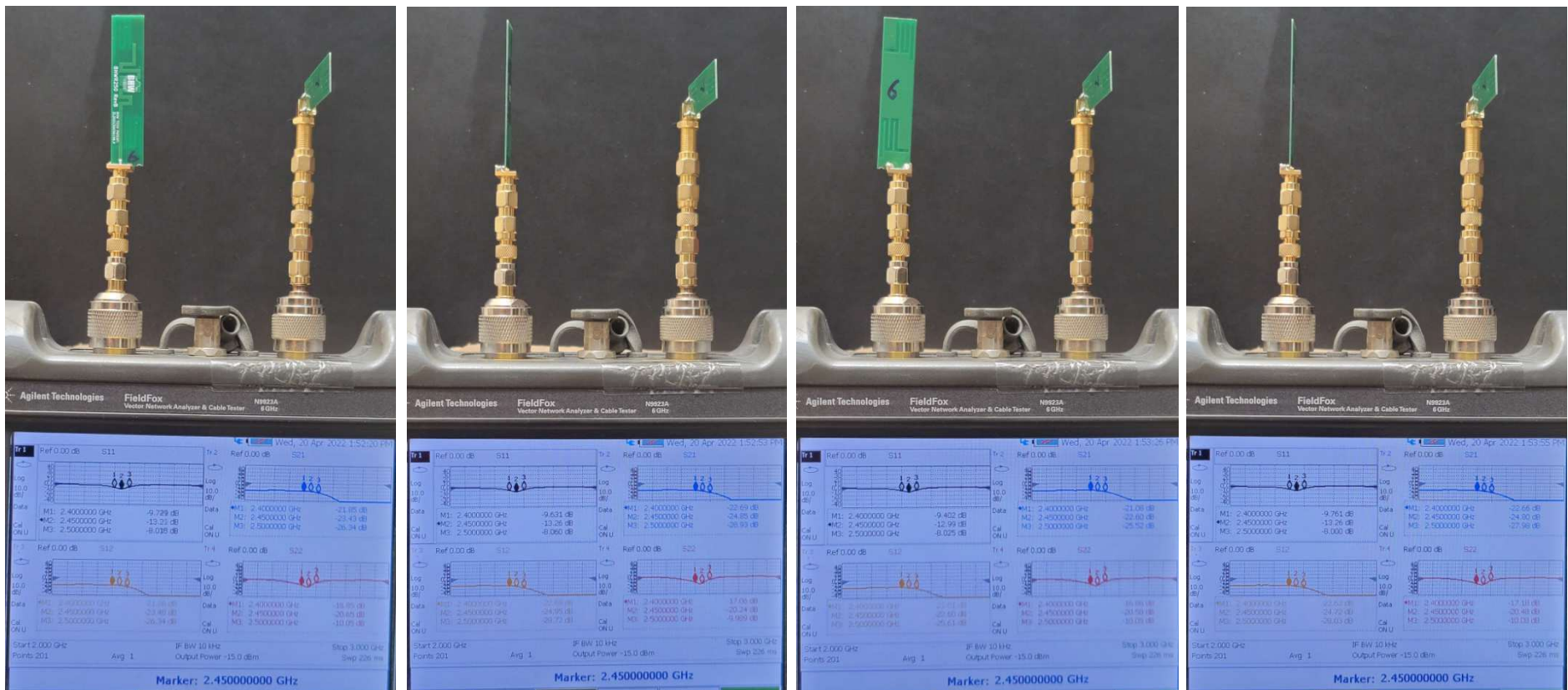
## Mutual Coupling between Two BHWR250 Antennas in Cross-Polarized Positions Fixed Antenna #7 and Rotated Antenna #6 for 4 Angles over 360 Degrees

S21=-24.3dB at 2450MHz

S21=-24.9dB at 2450MHz

S21=-22.6dB at 2450MHz

S21=-24.8dB at 2450MHz



### Notes:

- Mutual coupling level between two BHWR250 antennas in perpendicular orientations (cross-polarized) measured 6-7dB lower than that of parallel orientations (co-polarized), indicating moderately linear polarization of the antenna.
- As reference the mutual coupling between two 20cm long stock dipole antennas in perpendicular orientations and identical separation measured around -33dB, closer to pure linear polarization, mainly due to ~3x larger in antenna length.
- Depending on use cases, the existing of some cross-polarization component as that of BHWR250 may be advantageous since it functions as soft “polarization diversity” to mitigation RF signal fading in highly reflective environments.



# Comments on BHWR250 Mutual Coupling for MIMO



- For Wi-Fi MIMO systems such as 2x2, 4x4, the ideal antenna element for beam-forming is one with perfectly omni-directional radiation pattern across all channels in the frequency band of operation, which unfortunately does not exist in real world
- A low-/moderate-gain antenna with low mutual coupling and stable, near-omnidirectional radiation pattern in the horizontal plane across all frequency channels is a good candidate for practical Wi-Fi MIMO systems
- BHWR250 (and its companion BHWR550 for 5GHz band) was engineered exactly based on the above concept and design methodology
- Compared to some of the state-of-art MIMO antennas used in Wi-Fi routers, BHWR250 is significantly more compact in size, roughly 1/3 in height, yet it demonstrates stable and well-defined near omni-directional radiation patterns in the horizontal plane
- Many commonly seen Wi-Fi router antennas were designed for relatively high gain (e.g, 5-6dBi), which may not be best for MIMO systems since the high gain results in increased level of mutual coupling between adjacent antennas (for identical spacing). With a moderate gain of ~3dBi and stable VSWR and radiation patterns over the entire 2.4GHz band, BHWR250 should be more suitable for MIMO, since it has in 2-3dB lower mutual coupling between adjacent antennas with same spacing when compared to much larger, higher gain dipole antennas ~3x in height

# BHWR250 Wi-Fi Signal Strength Benchmark #1



## Replacing Antennas on Netgear Nighthawk X4S R7800 with BHWR250



### Notes:

- Netgear Nighthawk X4S R7800 is dual-band 4x4 MU-MIMO router with four dual-band antennas, each ~180mm in total height.
- The four original antennas were replaced by BHWR250 (12x57mm) for benchmark test of WiFi-to-LAN throughput in the 2.4GHz band.
- Netgear R7800 was connected to a laptop with Ethernet cable to be used as TCP server for WiFi-to-LAN throughput test.
- WiFi Speed Test Pro (Android APP) on Samsung Galaxy S10e was used to test WiFi speed at various locations.

	NETGEAR R7800
CPU	Qualcomm dual-core IPQ8065 Internet Processor @ 1.7 GHz
Switch	Qualcomm Atheros QCA8337
RAM	512 MB
Flash	128 MB
2.4 GHz Radio	- QCA9984 4x4 MU-MIMO 802.11ac radio - Skyworks SE2623L 2.4 GHz power amp (x4)
5 GHz radio	- QCA9984 4x4 MU-MIMO 802.11ac radio - RFMD RFPA5542 5 GHz PA module (x4)

Source: SmallNetBuilder.com



# BHWR250 Wi-Fi Signal Strength Benchmark #1



## Signal Strength & Throughput on Galaxy S10e with R7800 on TV Top in Living Room

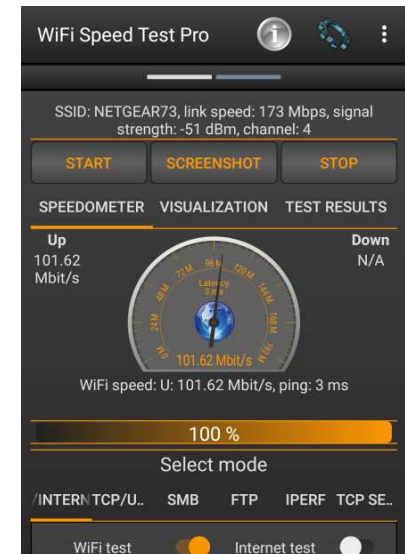
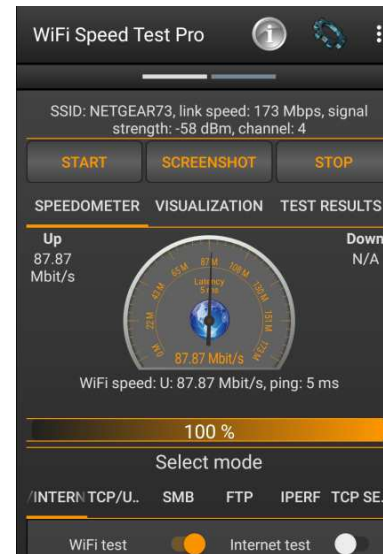
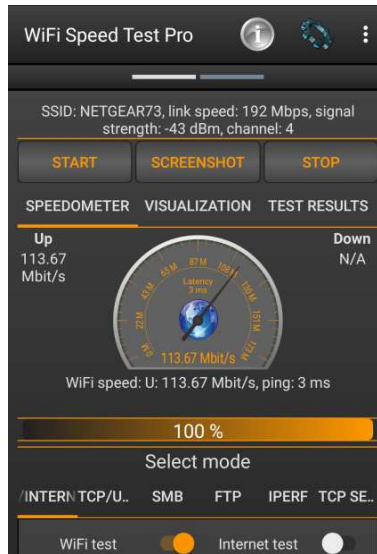
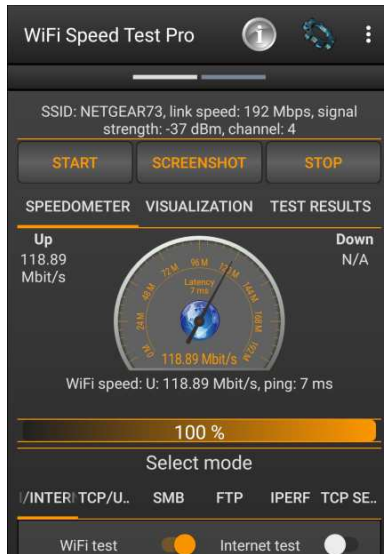
Living Room

Bedroom

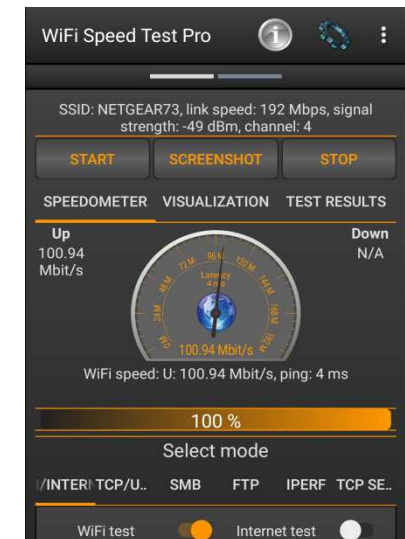
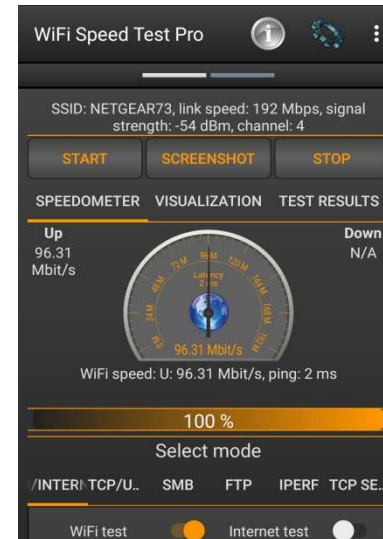
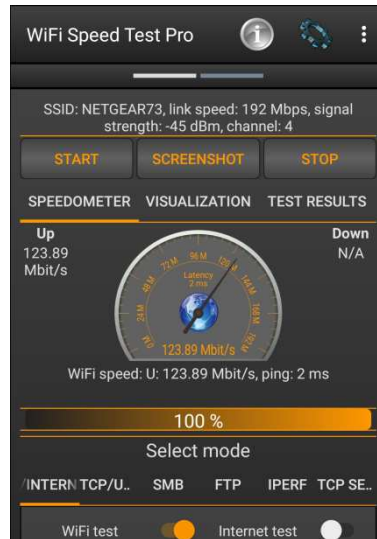
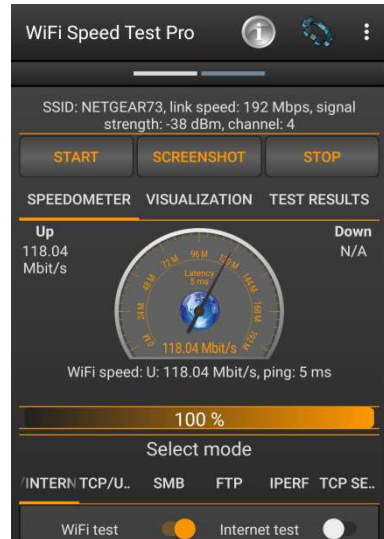
Kitchen

Lab

Original Antenna



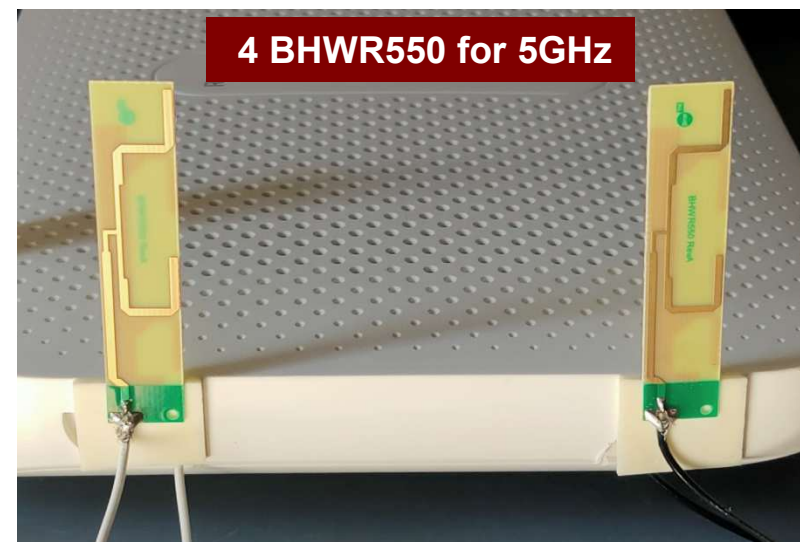
BHWR250



# BHWR250/550 Wi-Fi Signal Strength Benchmark #2



## Replacing Antennas on Redmi AC2100 with BHWR250/BHWR550

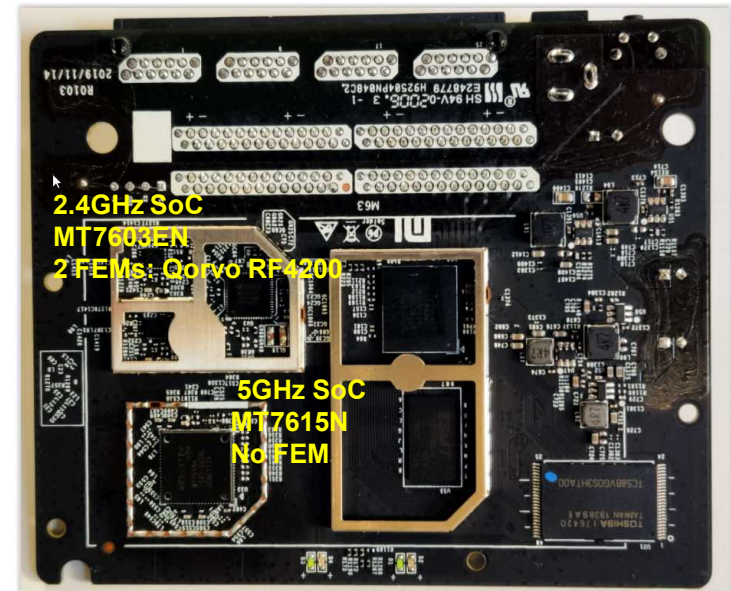




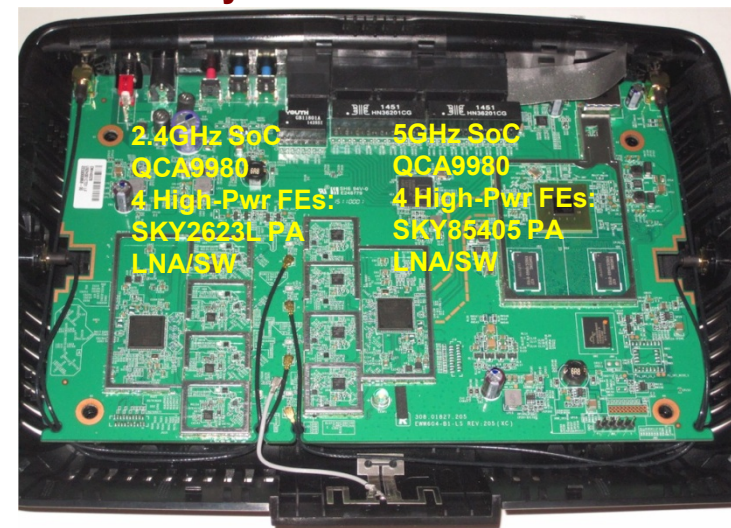
# BHWR250/550 Wi-Fi Signal Strength Benchmark #2



### Redmi AC2100 Main Board



### Linksys EA8500 Main Board



### Redmi AC2100

#### Original:

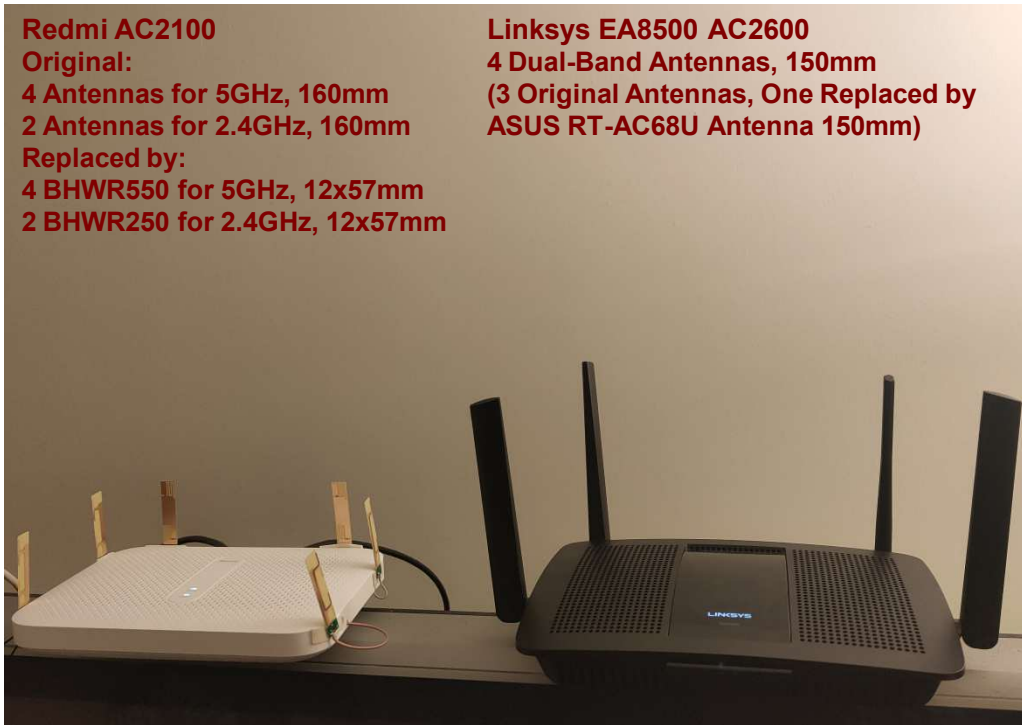
4 Antennas for 5GHz, 160mm  
2 Antennas for 2.4GHz, 160mm

#### Replaced by:

4 BHWR550 for 5GHz, 12x57mm  
2 BHWR250 for 2.4GHz, 12x57mm

### Linksys EA8500 AC2600

4 Dual-Band Antennas, 150mm  
(3 Original Antennas, One Replaced by  
ASUS RT-AC68U Antenna 150mm)



### Notes:

- Redmi AC2100 retails for under \$30 due to simple designs, while Linksys retails for around \$175, as of Jan'2021.
- As shown in the following pages, both walk-through and fixed-location tests show comparable signal strengths (and corresponding Wi-Fi data rates), after the Redmi AC2100 antennas are replaced with BHWR250/BHWR550. In fact, Redmi AC2100 shows higher receive signal strength in some test cases.

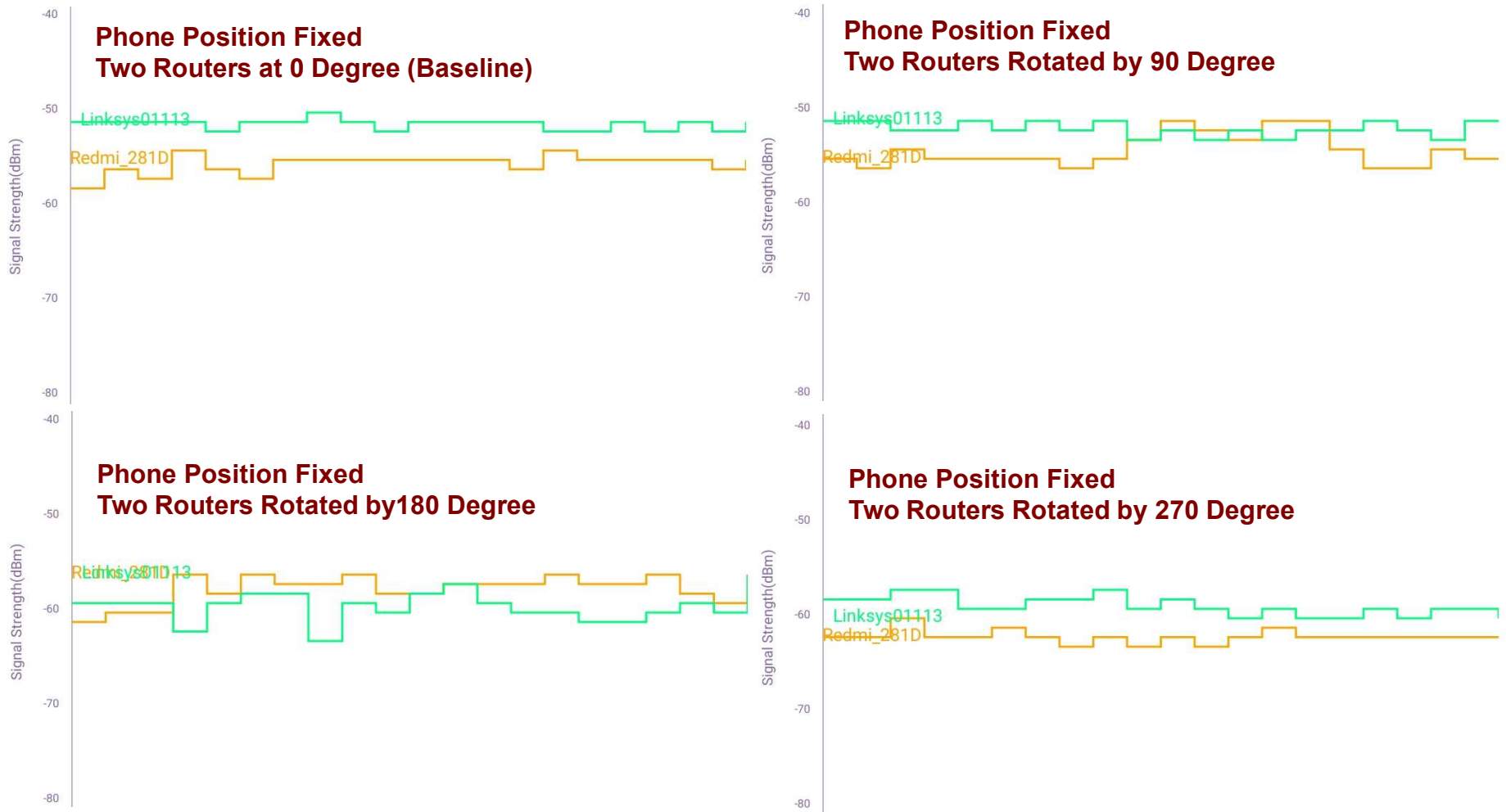
# BHWR250/550 Wi-Fi Signal Strength Benchmark #2



## Redmi AC2100 vs Linksys EA8500

2.4GHz Signal Strength Comparison with Wi-Fi Analytics on Samsung S7

Time Lapse of Signal Strength with Phone on Kitchen Table , 4 Orientation Angles for Routers



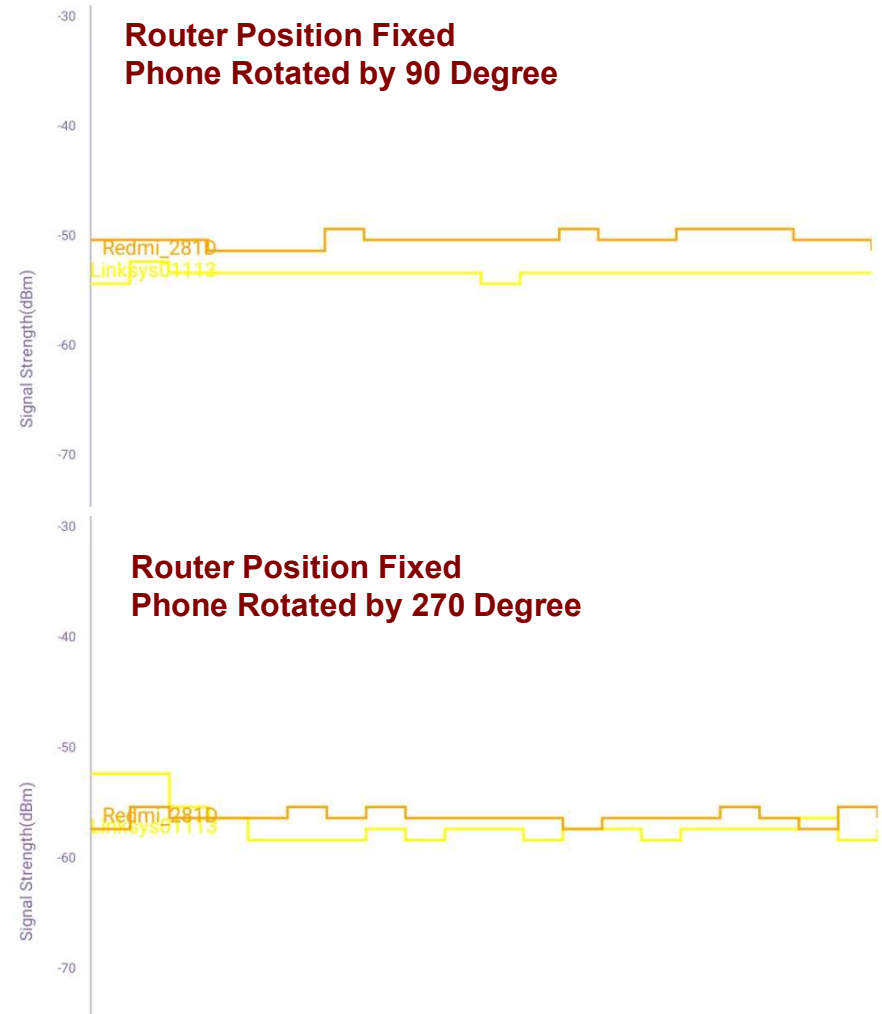
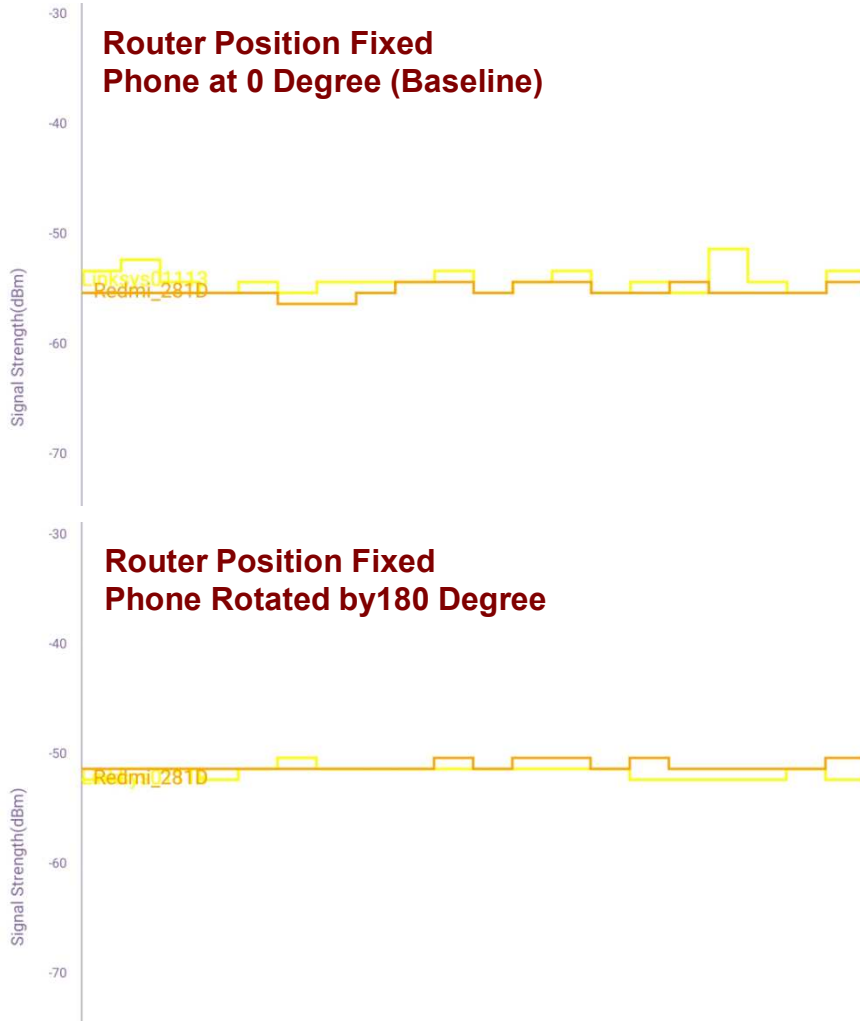
Note: Redmi AC2100 with two BHWR250 and two FEMs shows comparable or only slightly lower signal strength when compared to Linksys EA8500 which has 4 dual-band antennas and 8 high-power PA based RF FEs.

# BHWR250/550 Wi-Fi Signal Strength Benchmark #2



## Redmi AC2100 vs Linksys EA8500

2.4GHz Signal Strength Comparison with Wi-Fi Analytics on Samsung S7  
Time Lapse of Signal Strength with Phone on Kitchen Table , 4 Orientation Angles



Note: Redmi AC2100 shows slightly higher overall signal strength even though it has only two BHWR250 2.4GHz antennas while Linksys EA8500 has 4 dual-band antennas.

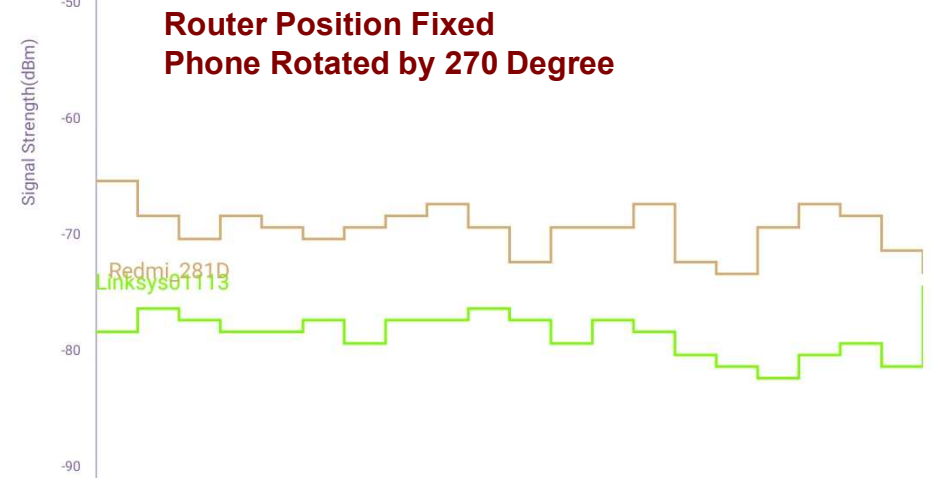
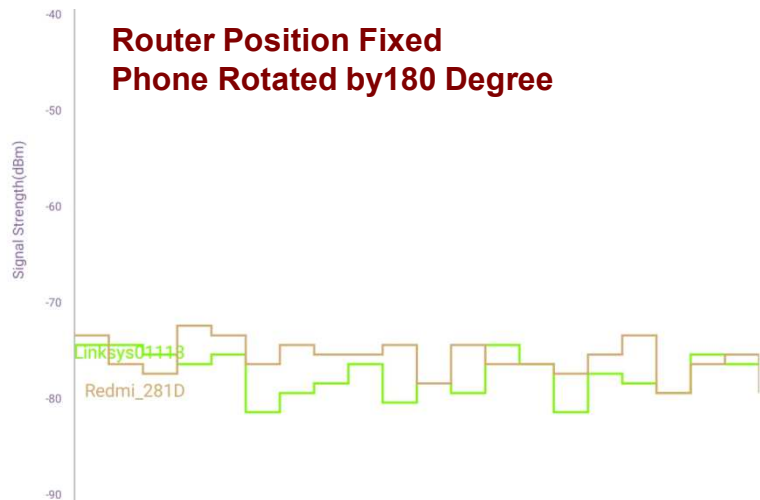
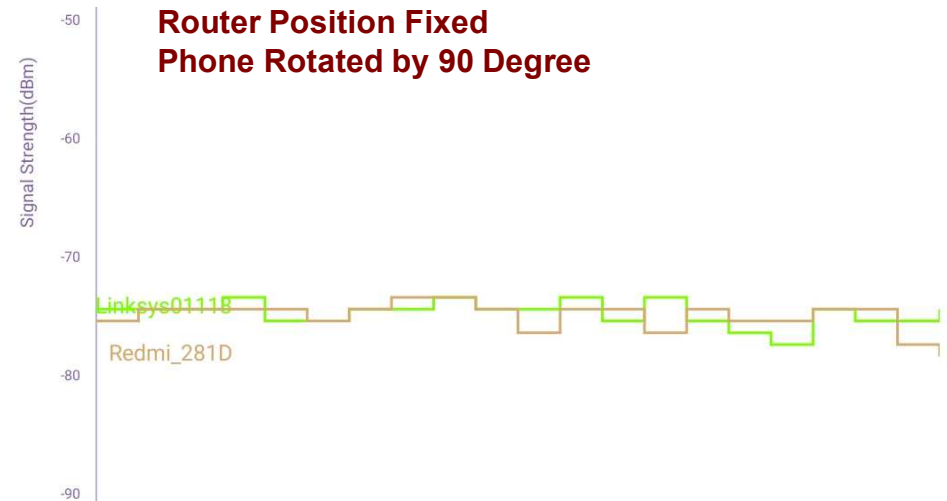
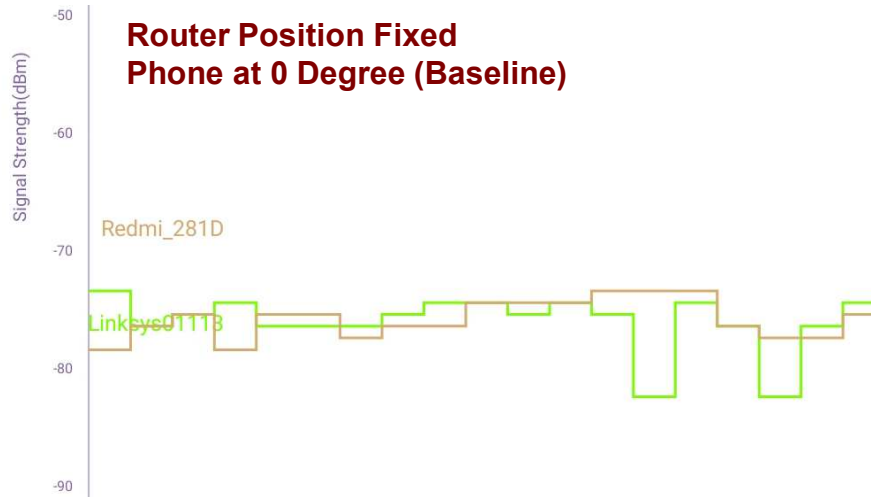


# BHWR250/550 Wi-Fi Signal Strength Benchmark #2



## Redmi AC2100 vs Linksys EA8500

2.4GHz Signal Strength Comparison with Wi-Fi Analytics on Samsung S7  
Time Lapse of Signal Strength with Phone in Backyard, 4 Orientation Angles



**Note:** Redmi AC2100 shows higher overall signal strength, especially for one orientation of the phone.

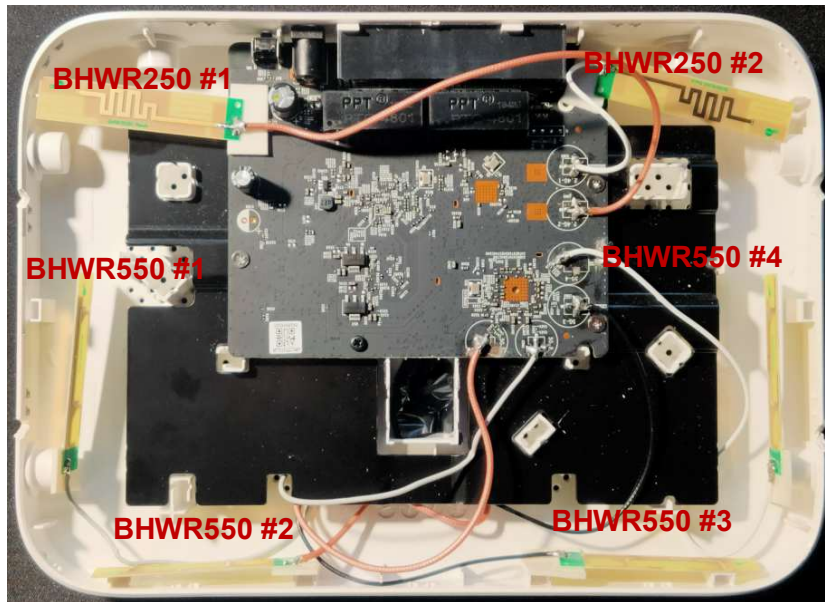
# BHWR250 for Embedded Wi-Fi Router Antenna



Original



Modified



Note: This experiment is for feasibility study only. Actual implementation of these embedded antennas should be designed properly for specific product IDs.

# BHWR250 for Embedded Wi-Fi Router Antenna

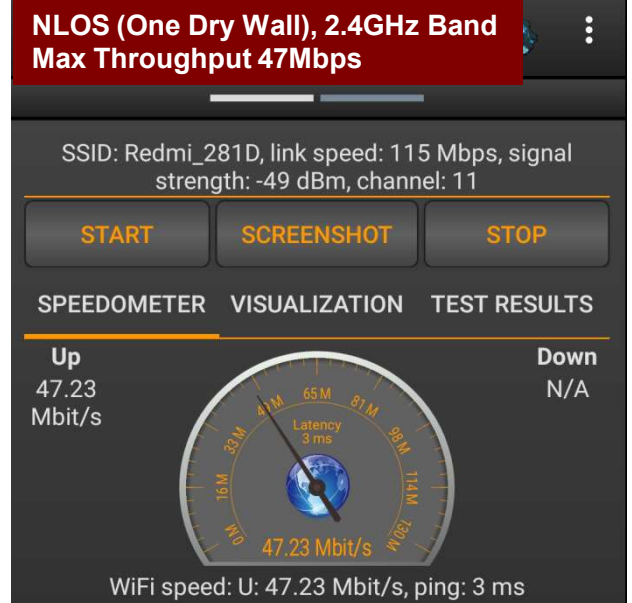
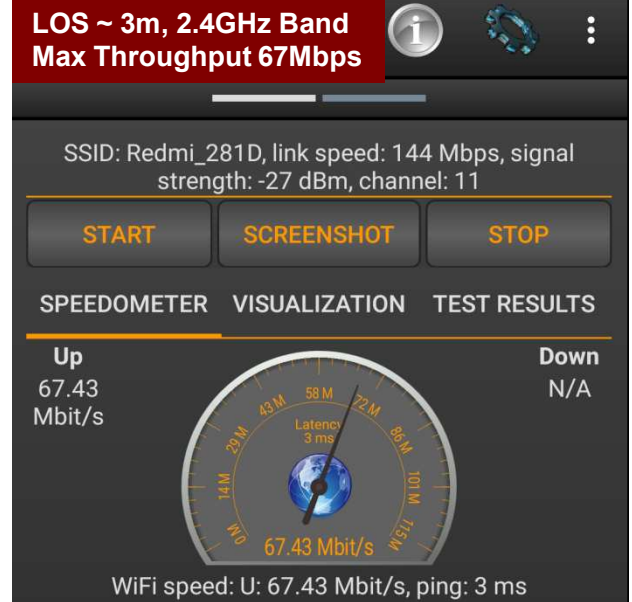


## Signal Strength & WiFi-to-LAN Throughput Test



### Notes:

- Redmi AC2100 dual-band router was modified by replacing six original antennas with BHWR250 (x2) and BHWR550 (x4)
- All six antennas were moved inside the router for improved aesthetics, as well as manufacturing cost reduction
- The modified router with embedded antennas was connected to a laptop with Ethernet cable to be used as TCP server for WiFi-to-LAN throughput test.
- WiFi Speed Test Pro (Android APP) on Samsung Galaxy S10e was used to test WiFi speed at various locations.





# BHWR250 for Embedded Antenna: Benchmark Test

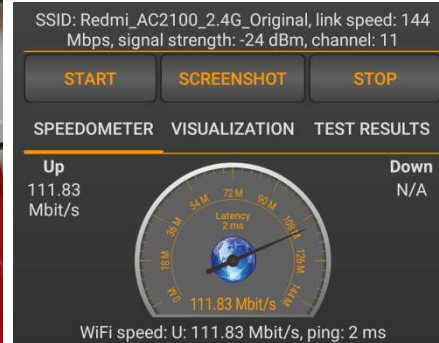


**Unit #1:  
Original**

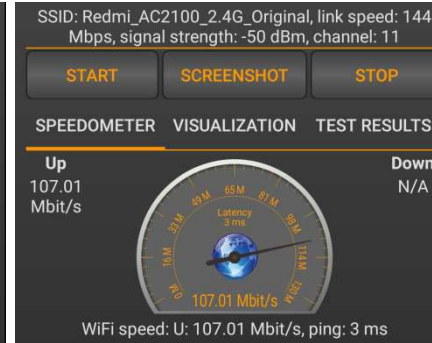


## Signal Strength & WiFi-to-LAN Throughput Test

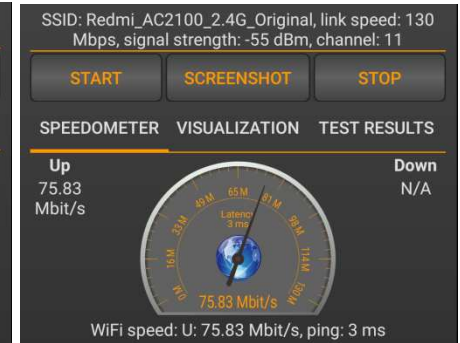
**Site 1  
LOS ~3m**



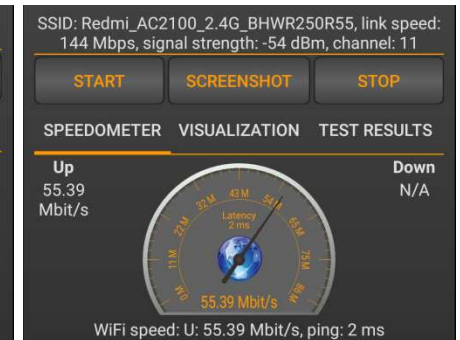
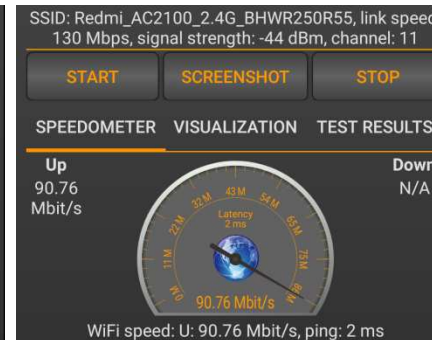
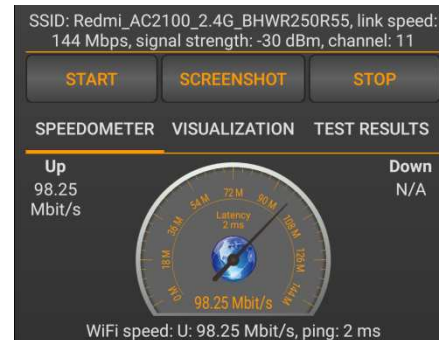
**Site 2  
NLOS (1 Wall)**



**Site 3  
NLOS (2 Walls)**



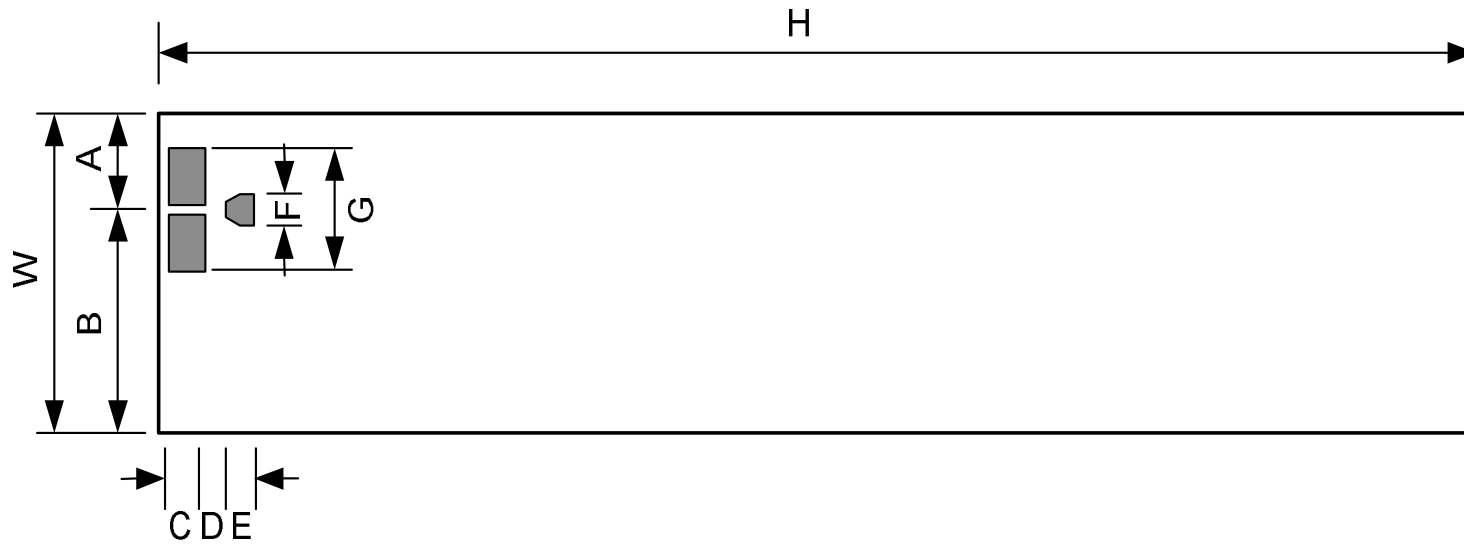
**Unit #2:  
Modified**



**Notes:**

- Redmi AC2100 dual-band router Unit #2 was modified by replacing six original antennas with BHWR250 (x2) and BHWR550 (x4).
- All six antennas were moved inside the router for improved aesthetics, as well as manufacturing cost reduction.
- The two router units were placed at the same location and connected to a laptop with Ethernet cable to be used as TCP server for WiFi-to-LAN throughput test.
- WiFi Speed Test Pro (Android APP) on Samsung Galaxy S10e was used to test WiFi speed at various locations.
- This benchmark test is for feasibility study only. The test results are preliminary due to non-ideal positioning of embedded antennas inside the router case. Expect slightly improved performance after antenna positioning is optimized for new ID design.

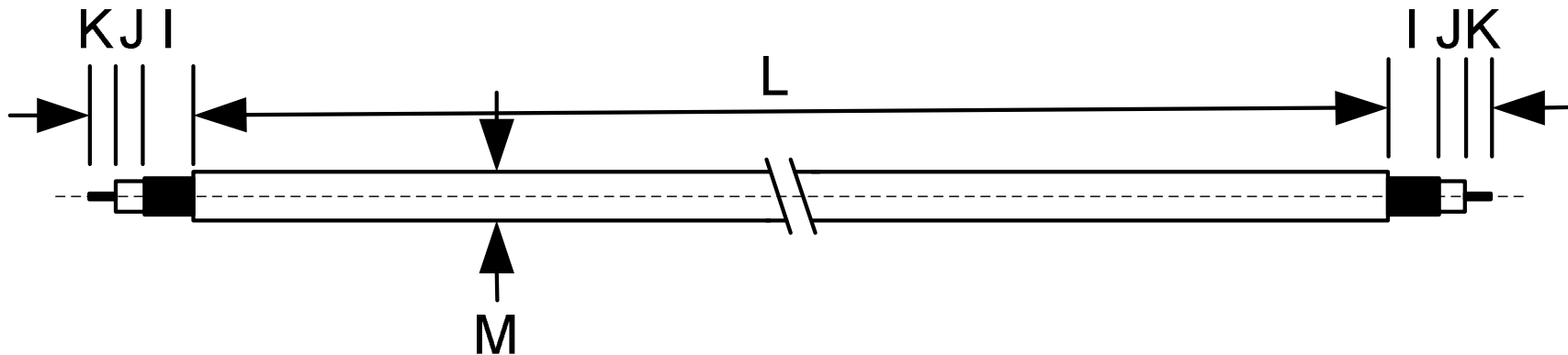
# BHWR250 Mechanical Specifications



Symbol	Min. (mm)	Typ. (mm)	Max. (mm)
A	3.5	3.6	3.7
B	8.3	8.4	8.5
C	1.4	1.5	1.6
D	0.7	0.8	0.9
E	1.3	1.4	1.5
F	1.2	1.3	1.4
G	4.5	4.6	4.7
H	56.9	57	57.1
W	11.9	12	12.1

Note: Dark grey area is solder mask opening for IPX/UFL cable assembly.

# BHWR250 IPX/UFL Cabling Recommendation



Symbol	Min. (mm)	Typ. (mm)	Max. (mm)
I	1.9	2.0	2.1
J	0.9	1.0	1.1
K	0.7	0.8	0.9
L		See Note*	
M		1.37	

## Notes:

- To minimize insertion loss and VSWR degradation, please use IPX/UFL cable with well-controlled 50-Ohm impedance and shortest cable length allowed for each product design.
- To best preserve 50-Ohm impedance, minimize VSWR degradation and saving cost, it is recommended that the IPX/UFL cable for BHWR250 is soldered directly to the main PCB, instead of using connectors.
- For cost-sensitive 2.45GHz band applications, IPX/UFL cables with 1.13mm diameter can be used alternatively without major impact on VSWR and insertion loss.



# BHW RF Front-End Solutions AppNote Library



In addition to standard datasheets and EVB/BOM info, BHW publishes an AppNote series that address various topics on RF front-end design and performance over a wide frequency range from 300MHz to 6GHz, as an effort to assist customers in developing cutting-edge, cost-competitive products:

- BHW AppNote #001 - Cross-Over Cascade of BHWM253 to Boost Tx Power and Rx Sensitivity of 2.4GHz Systems
- BHW AppNote #002 - Accurate Benchmark of GNSS CNO Using the Power-Splitter Method
- BHW AppNote #003 - Boosting Wi-Fi Tx Power and Rx Sensitivity with BHWA251 and BHWM252
- BHW AppNote #004 - UHF 900MHz RF Front-End Solution Using BHWA251 Half-Watt PA and BHWL160 Sub-1dB-NF LNA
- BHW AppNote #005 - Sub-1GHz Applications of BHWA350 2-in-1 Wideband Fully Matched Amplifier
- BHW AppNote #006 - Low-Noise High-IIP3 LNB Architecture for Dual-Band High-Precision GNSS Using Cascade of BHWL160
- BHW AppNote #007 - UWB RF Front-End Solution Using BHWA350 and BHWM552
- BHW AppNote #008 - High-Power 5.8GHz RF Front-End Solution Using BHWA555 and BHWM552 for ETC, V2X and Wireless Video
- BHW AppNote #009 - 5.8GHz RF Front-End Using BHWA350 and BHWM552 for Wireless Audio
- BHW AppNote #010 - Multi-Constellation GNSS Active Antenna Using BHWL161 Cascade and Single-Fed Dual-Band Antenna
- BHW AppNote #011 - BHWL161 Super-Compact Low-Power Low Noise Amplifier for Range Extension of 2.4GHz RC and IoT
- BHW AppNote #012 - Enabling Cost-Effective High-Precision GNSS Using BHWL161 and Linear-Polarization PCB Antenna
- BHW AppNote #013 - GNSS Noise Floor vs Receiver Architecture
- BHW AppNote #014 - Designing Ultra Low-Power High-Performance GNSS Products Using BHWL160 GaAs PHEMT LNA
- BHW AppNote #015 - BHWL161 GNSS Full-Band High-Performance LNA in Super-Compact 1x1mm DFN with Relaxed Pin Pitch
- BHW AppNote #016 - Improving GNSS NF Measurement Accuracy Using Broadband LNA BHWL161 as Pre-Amp
- BHW AppNote #017 - High-Efficiency, Low-NF 2.4GHz Front-End Solution for IoT Using BHWA251 and BHWM252
- BHW AppNote #018 - Optimizing BHWA555 Wideband One-Watt PA for Long-Range 5.8GHz Transmitter Applications
- BHW AppNote #019 - Miniature 2.4GHz RF Front-End with Integrated Chip Antenna and BHWM253 for TWS and IoT
- BHW AppNote #020 - Multiplying the Range for 2.4GHz Music Streaming with BHWR250L Active Integrated Antenna (AiA)
- BHW AppNote #021 - Range Extension for 2.4GHz Wireless Systems with BHWR250M Active Integrated Antenna (AiA)
- BHW AppNote #022 - Enabling Long-Range Angle-of-Arrival for High-Precision Indoor Positioning with BHWR250N RF AiA
- BHW AppNote #023 - Extend the Range for 5.8GHz Audio/Video Streaming with BHWR580M Active Integrated Antenna (AiA)
- BHW AppNote #024 - Improving 5.8GHz Radio Link Budget with BHWR580L Active Integrated Antenna (AiA)
- BHW AppNote #025 - Improving Range and Throughput of 2.4GHz Wi-Fi with BHWR250 Dual-Slot Quasi-Diversity Antenna
- BHW AppNote #026 - Improving Range and Throughput of 5GHz Wi-Fi with BHWR550 Array Antenna
- BHW AppNote #027 - Coin-Cell and Batteryless 1km Long Range NanoBeacon with BHWR250A AiA and Energy Harvesting
- BHW AppNote #028 - Use BHWM252 Cascade to Extend Range of 2.4GHz Wireless Systems with Single-Port SoCs
- BHW AppNote #029 - Improving Range of 2.4GHz Wireless Microphones and Audio Systems with BHWR250A Active Integrated Antenna (AiA)
- BHW AppNote #030 - Simultaneous Improvement in Range and Battery Life of 2.4GHz Wireless Systems with BHWR250M AiA

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